

Local Government Officials' Assessments of Data Use and Performance Management Efforts: A View from Michigan

Presentation for the
2nd Annual CAPPa Research Conference in Public Management
May 27, 2013

Presentation Outline

- Overview of the Michigan Public Policy Survey (MPPS)
- Summary of findings on the use of data in decision-making by jurisdictions across the state

Background:

The Development of the MPPS

- Problem: information gap in the policymaking process
 - Great deal of data available on Michigan's citizens
 - Certain amount of data available on Michigan's businesses
 - Lack of data on Michigan's local governments and public officials
- Solution: new ongoing survey program focused on local government and local government leaders

Michigan Public Policy Survey: Overview

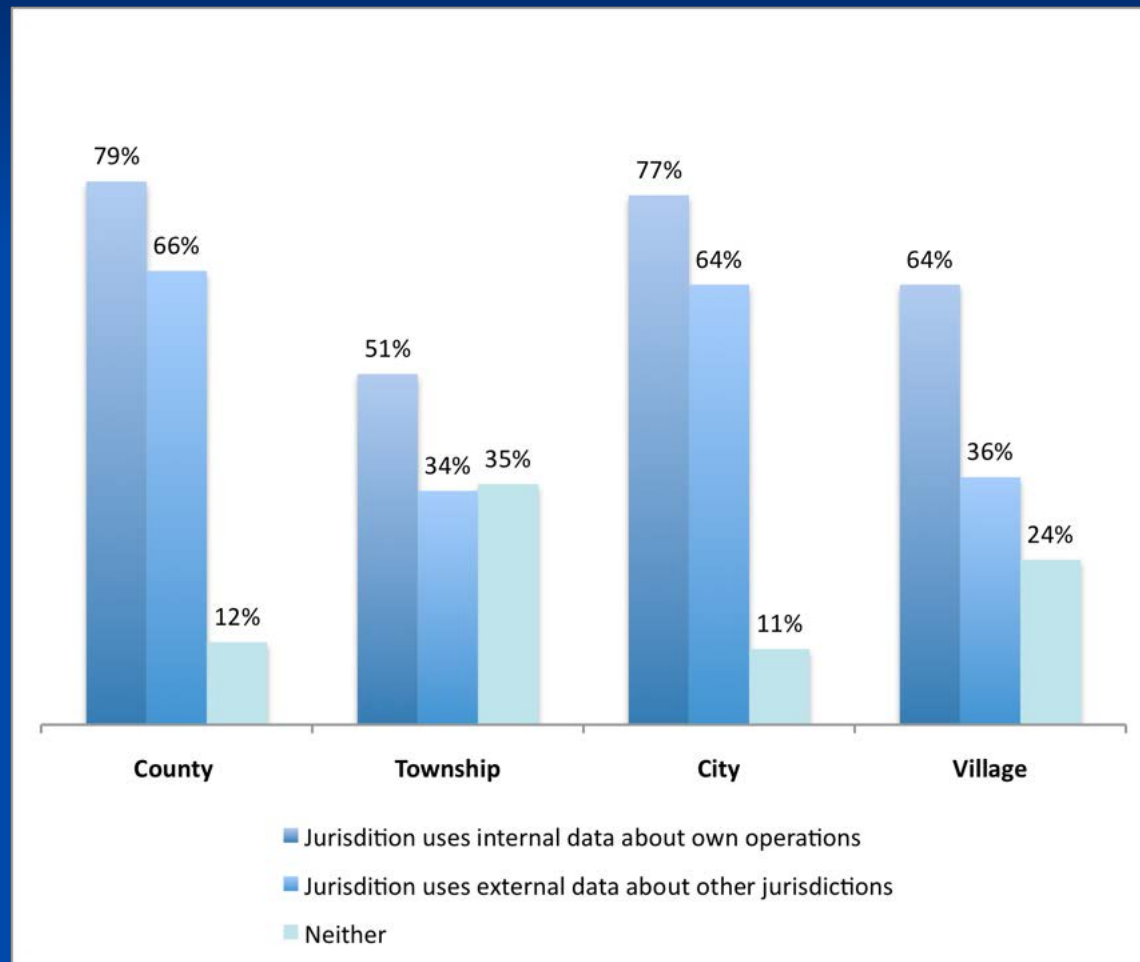
- **Census Survey** - every Michigan county, city, township, and village
- **Respondents** - the chief elected and chief appointed officials
- **Timing**- twice per year (Spring and Fall)
- **Administered** - online and via hardcopy questionnaire
- **Response rate** - 70%+ response rate by jurisdiction
- **Topics** - wide range, such as fiscal health, budget priorities, economic development, intergovernmental cooperation, employee policies, labor unions, state relations, environmental sustainability, citizen engagement, much more.

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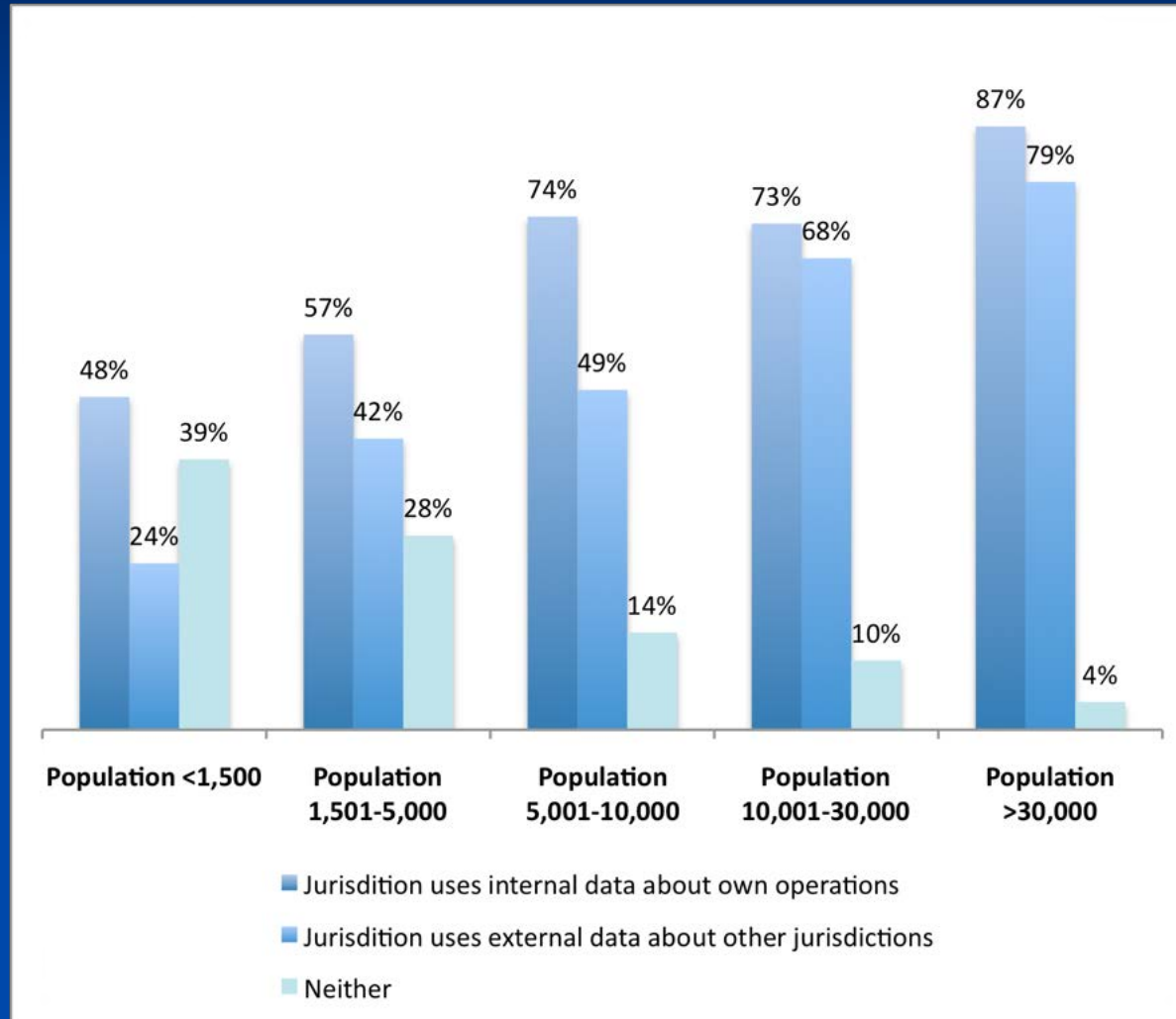
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The initial filter question:
Do you use data?

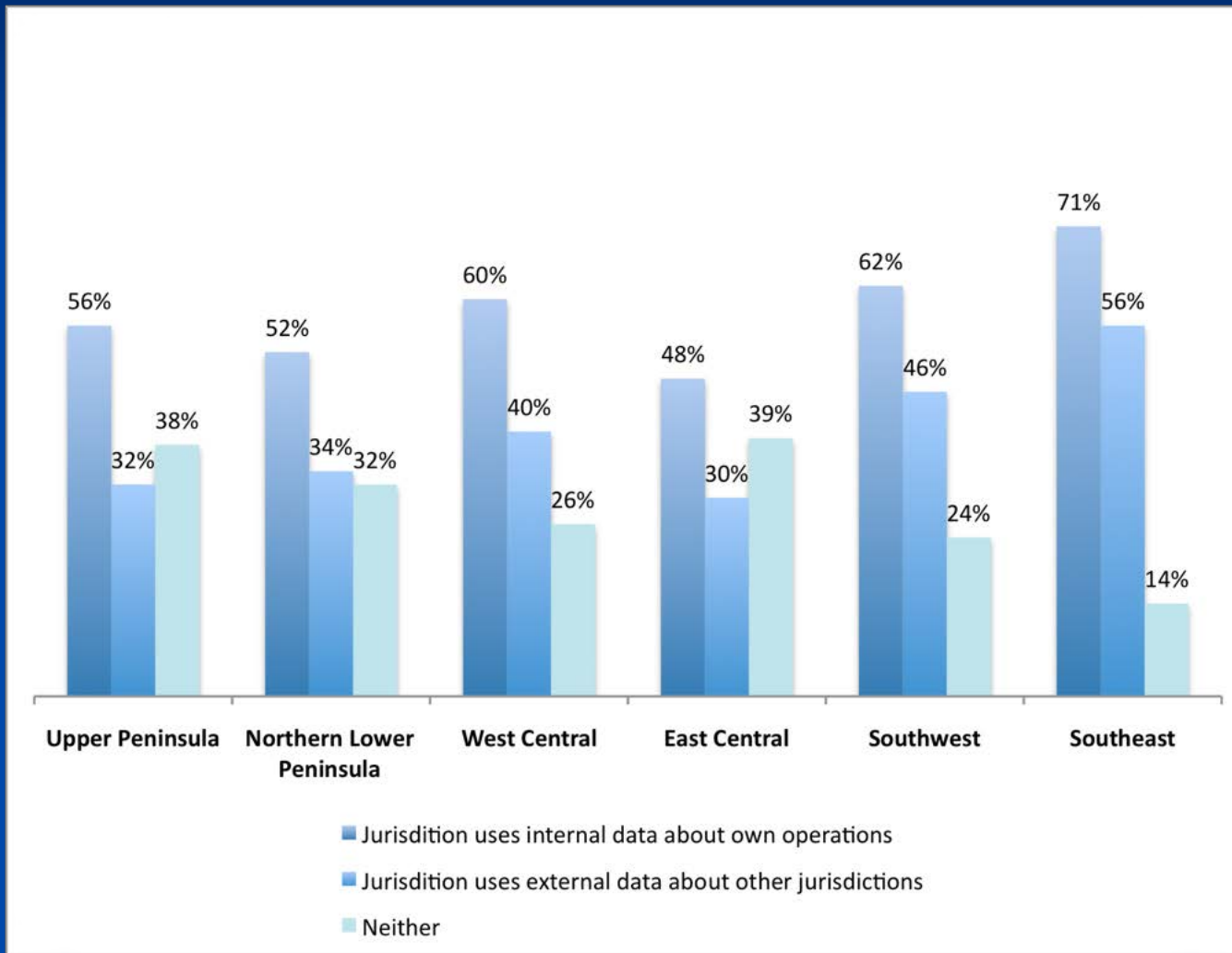
68% of Michigan localities overall use some kind of performance data



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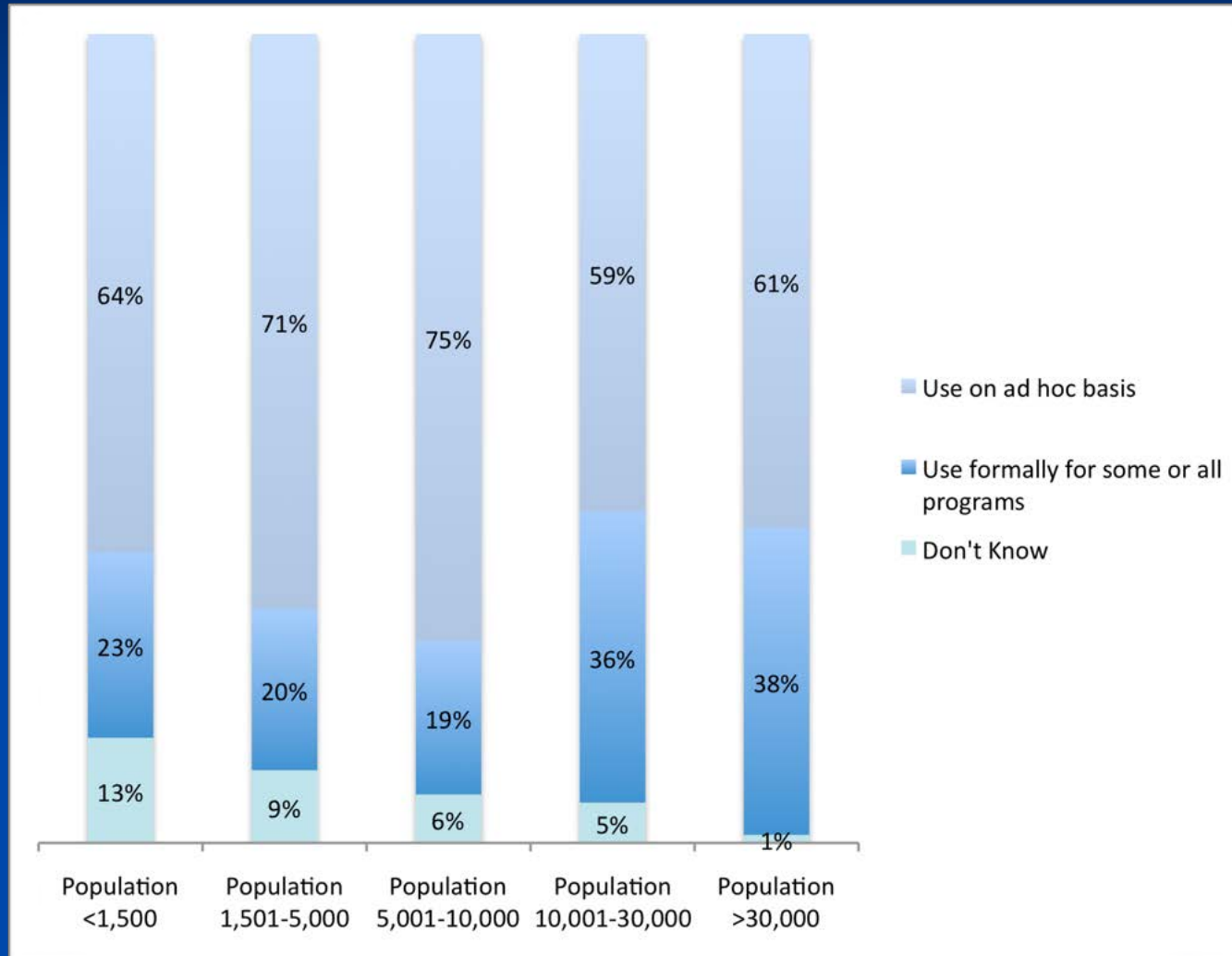


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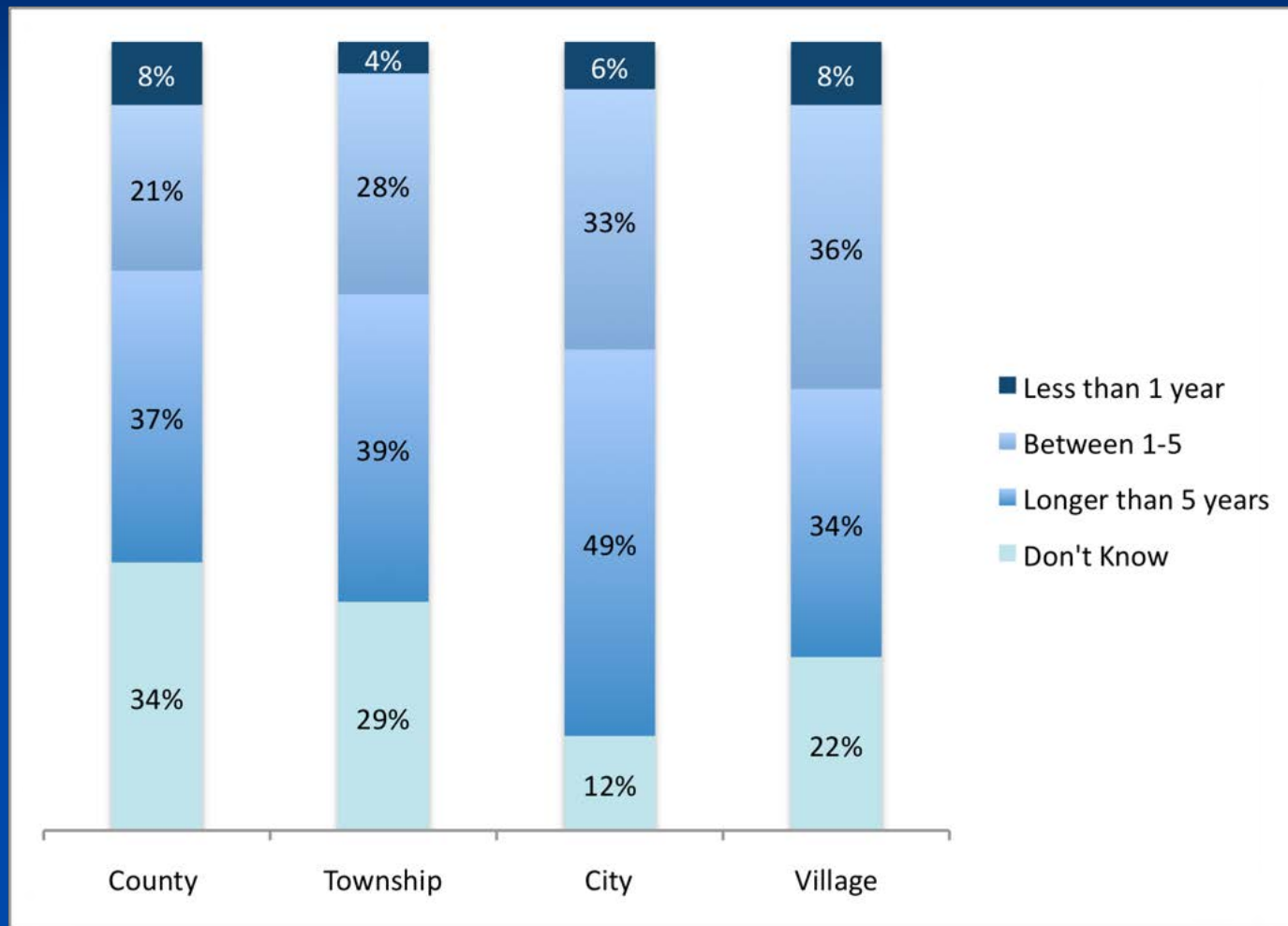


The “Yes” Track

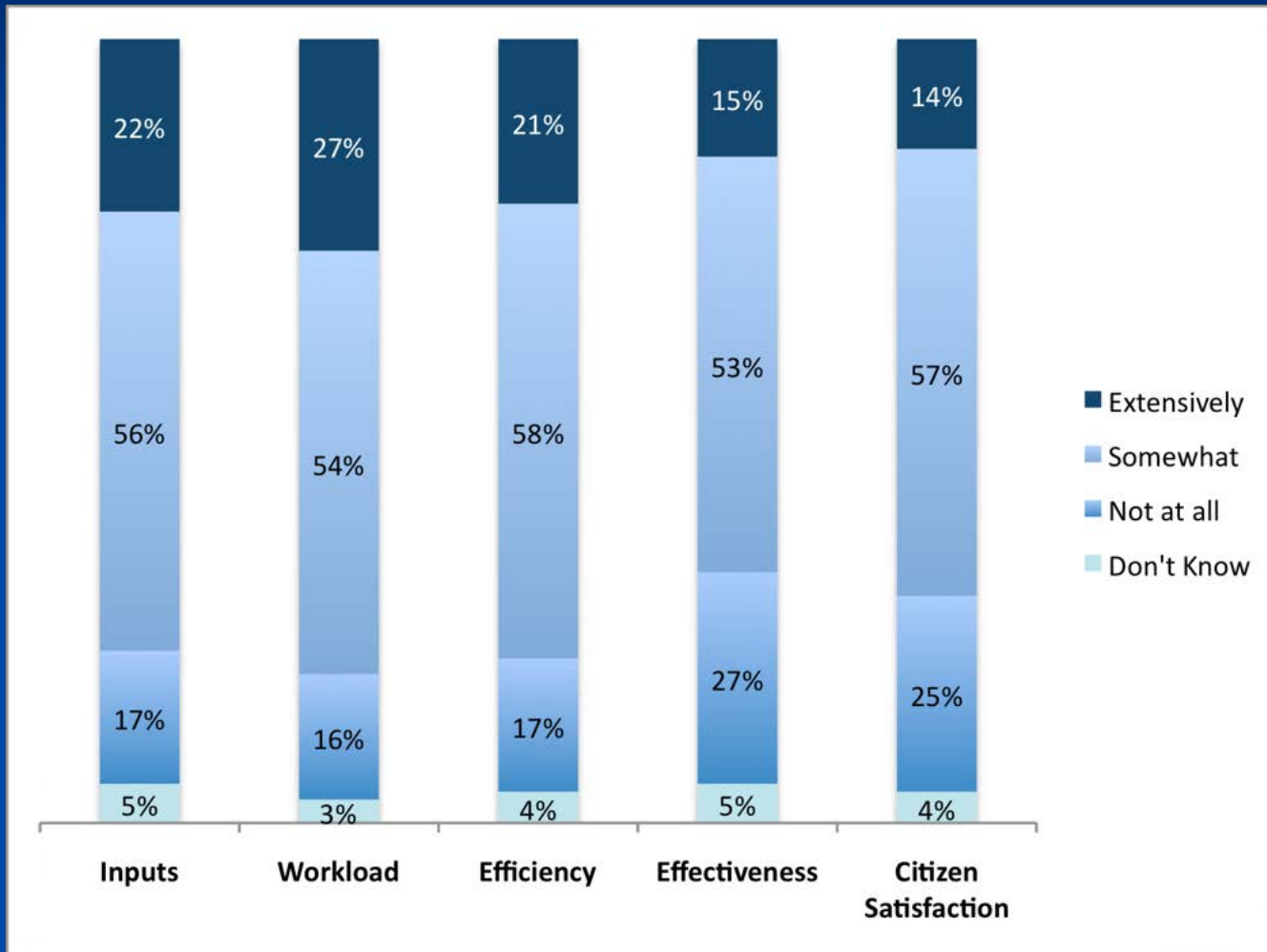
Two-thirds of data-using jurisdictions report doing so on an ad hoc basis



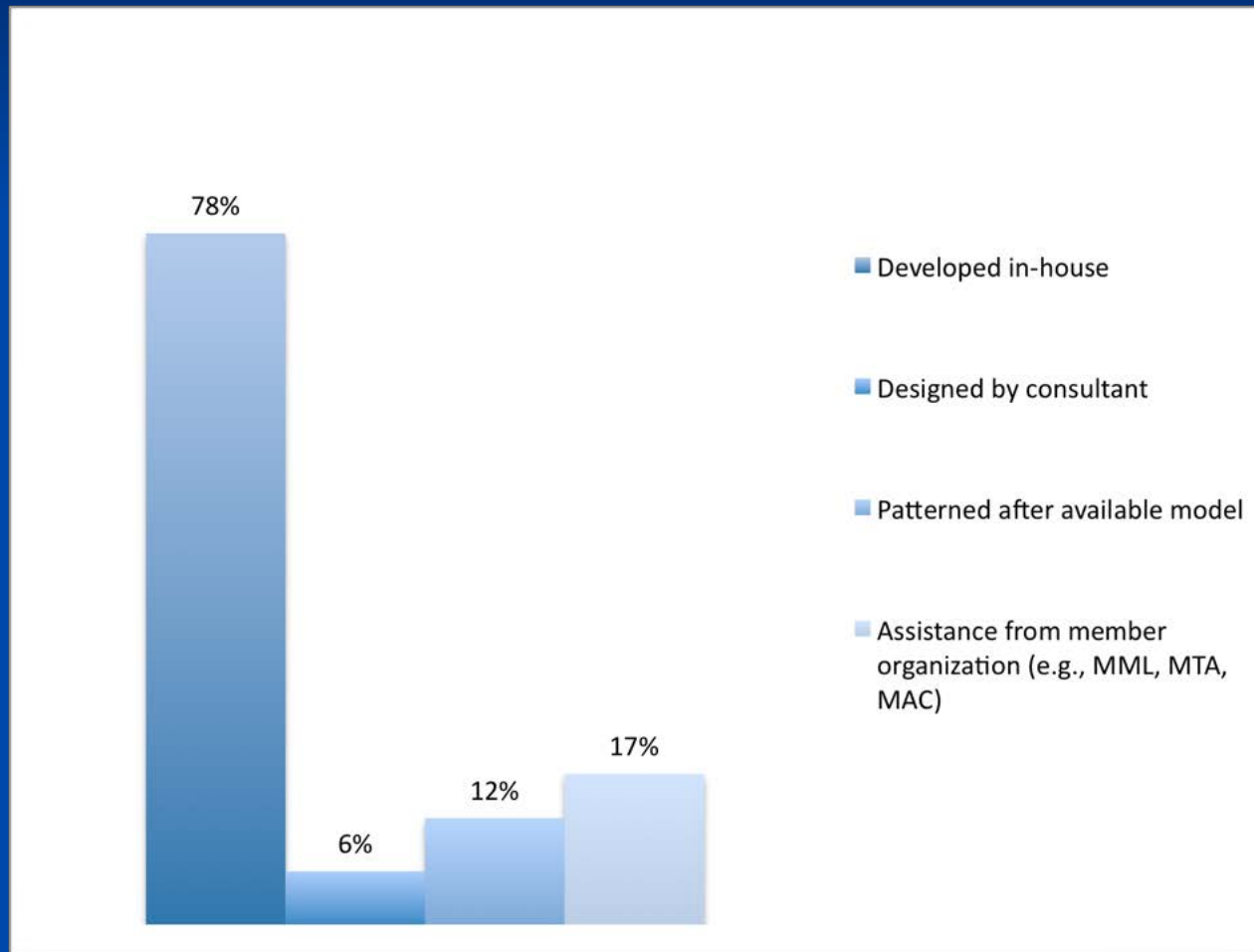
Nearly half of all cities have been using performance measures longer than 5 years



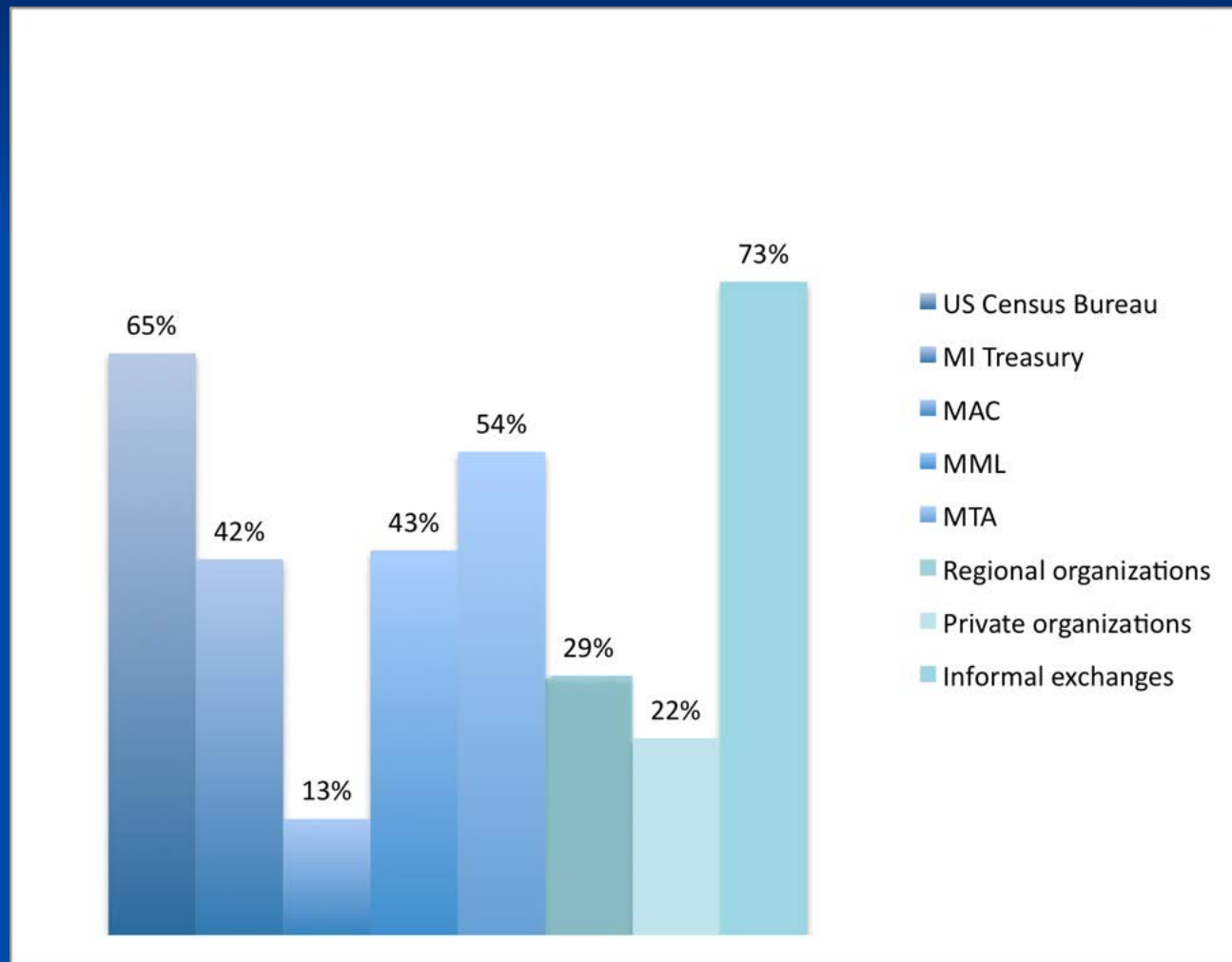
Internal workload measures most extensively used, effectiveness and citizen satisfaction slightly less so



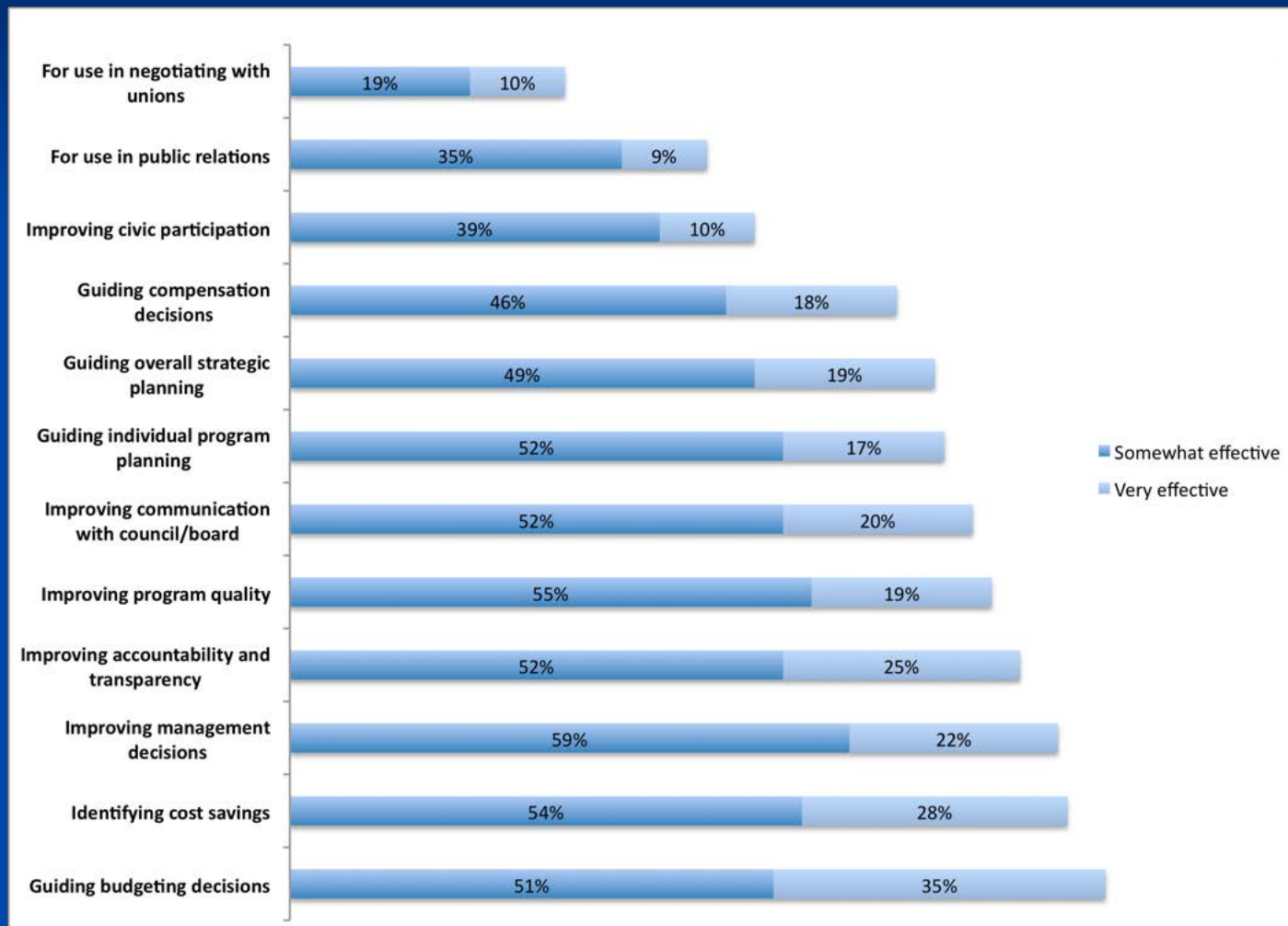
Most Michigan jurisdictions develop their internal performance measures themselves



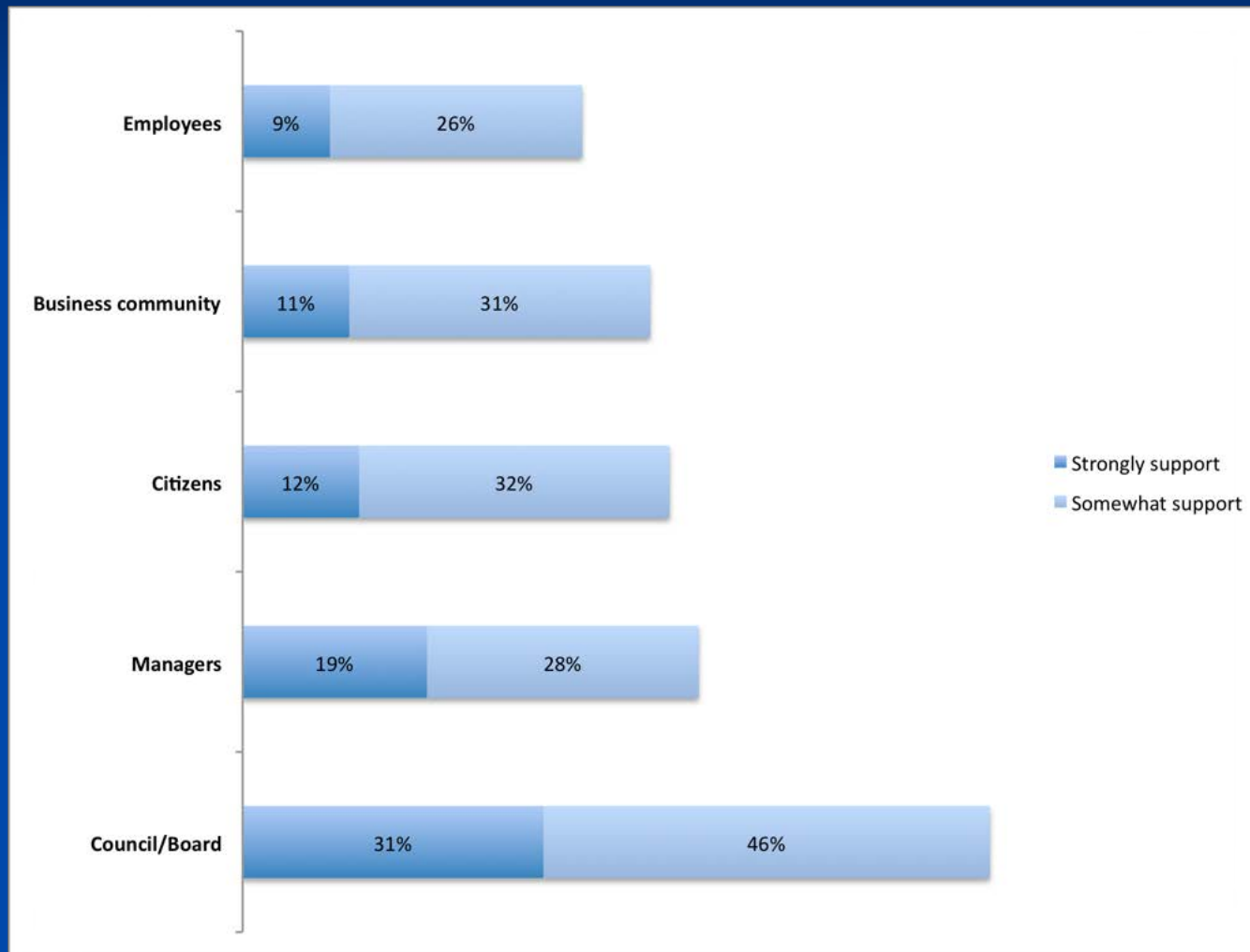
Michigan jurisdictions gather their external measures from a variety of sources



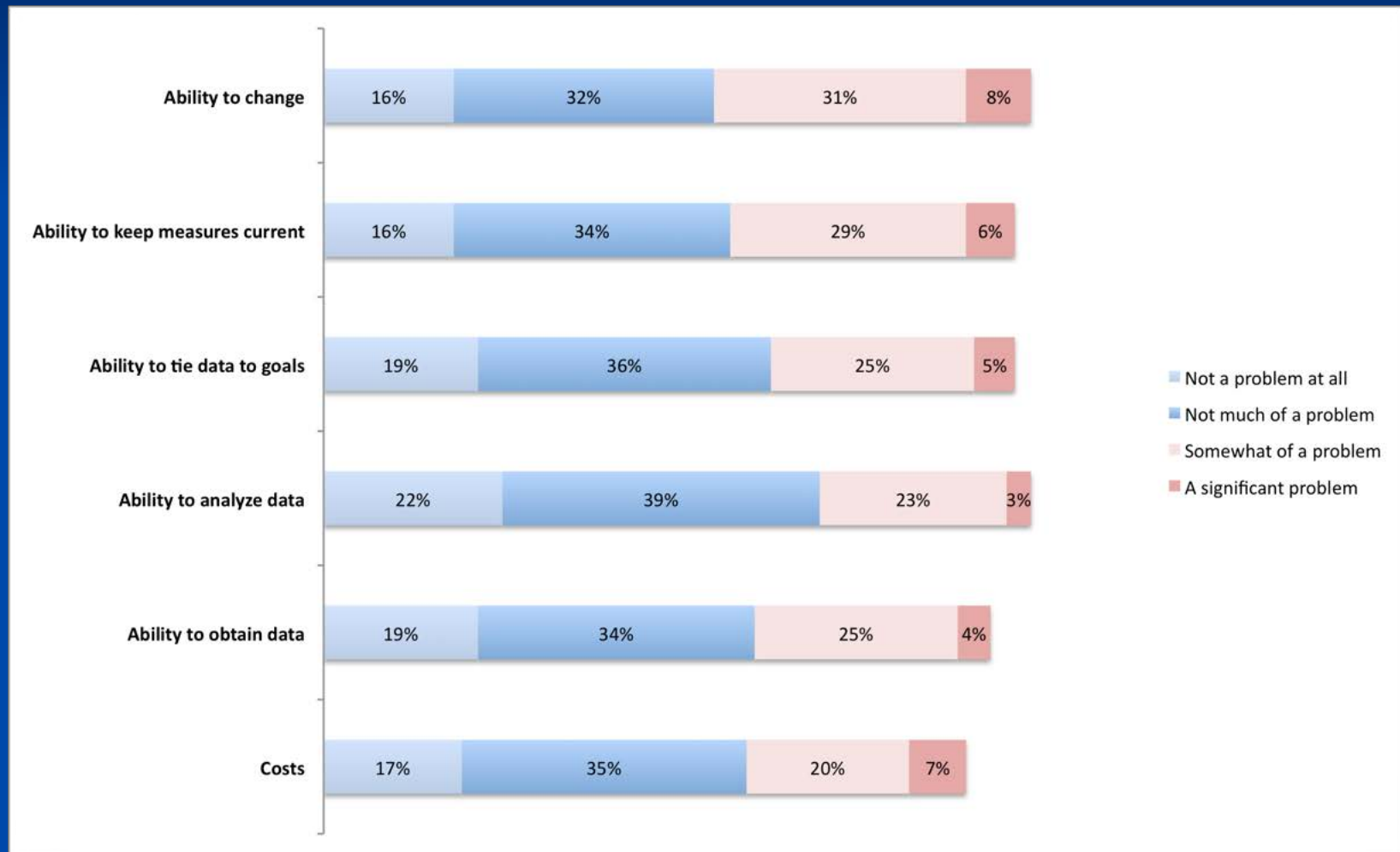
Officials say performance measures generally effective, particularly at guiding decisions & cost savings



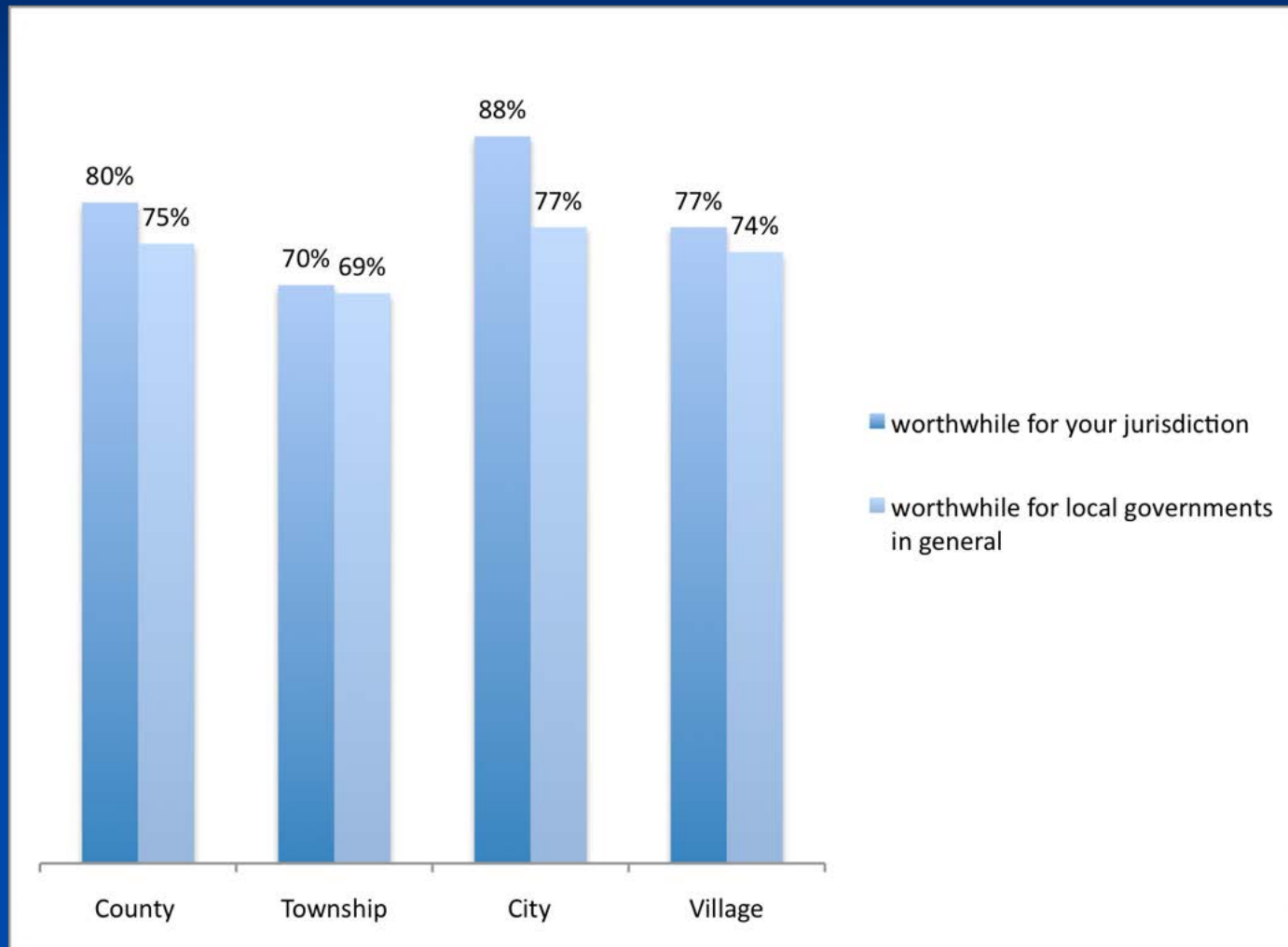
Officials report overall support for performance management from key groups



Four in ten officials cite 'ability to change' as a problem in their use of performance data

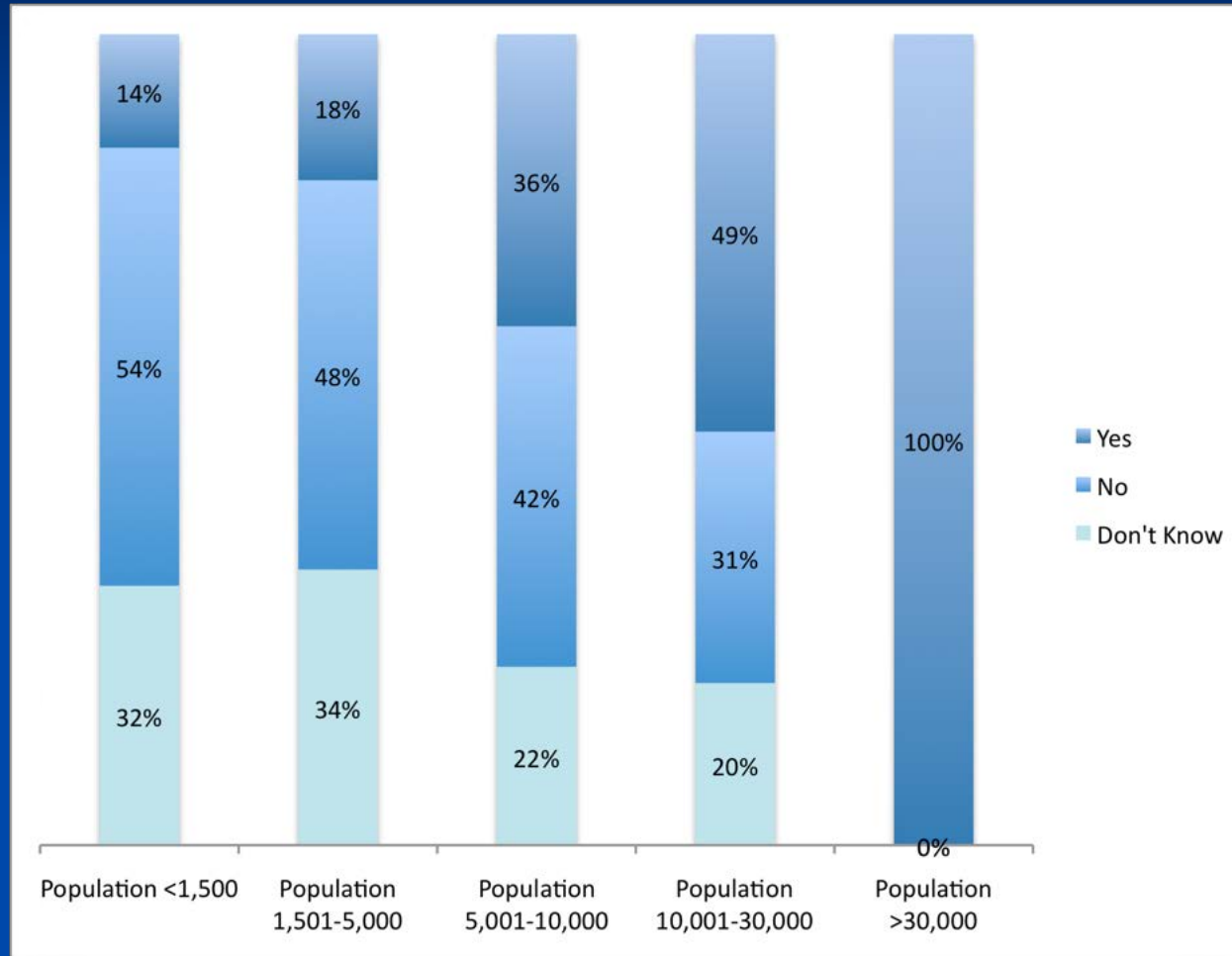


Three in four local officials feel performance management worthwhile for them and others



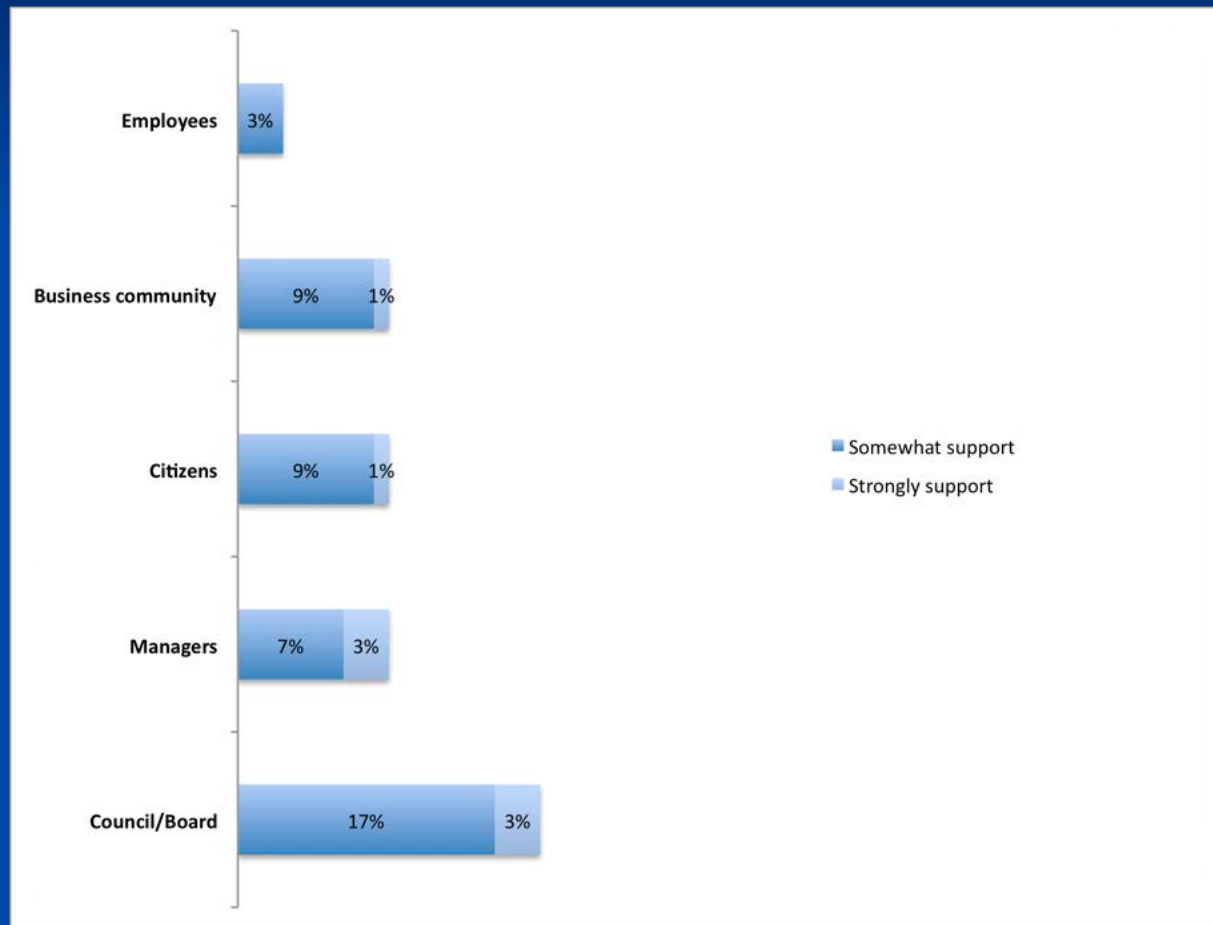
The “No” Track

Plans for new data use in the future depend on jurisdiction size



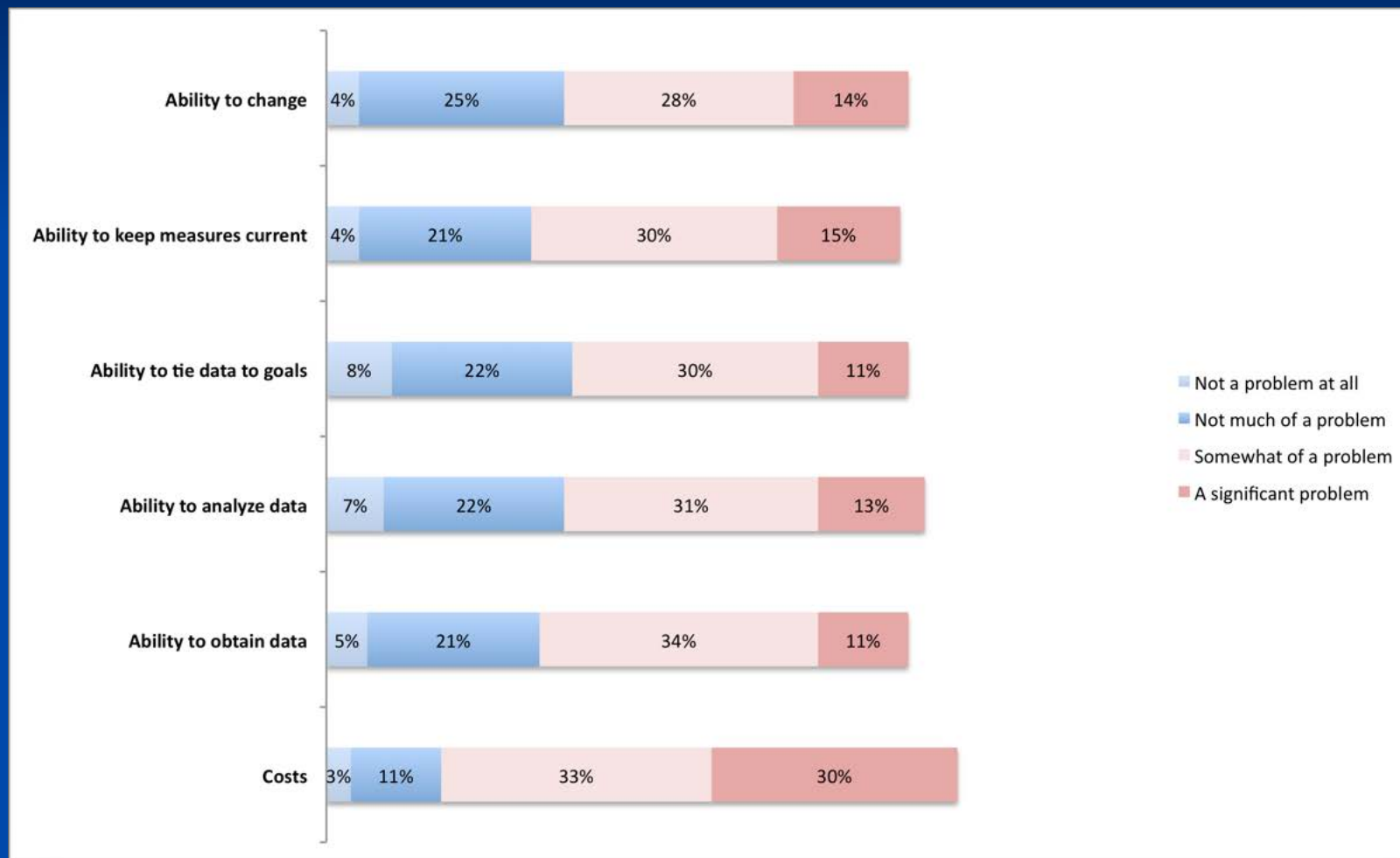
* among the **29% overall** who said they do not currently use any kind of data in decision-making

Not much support or opposition to performance management among key groups



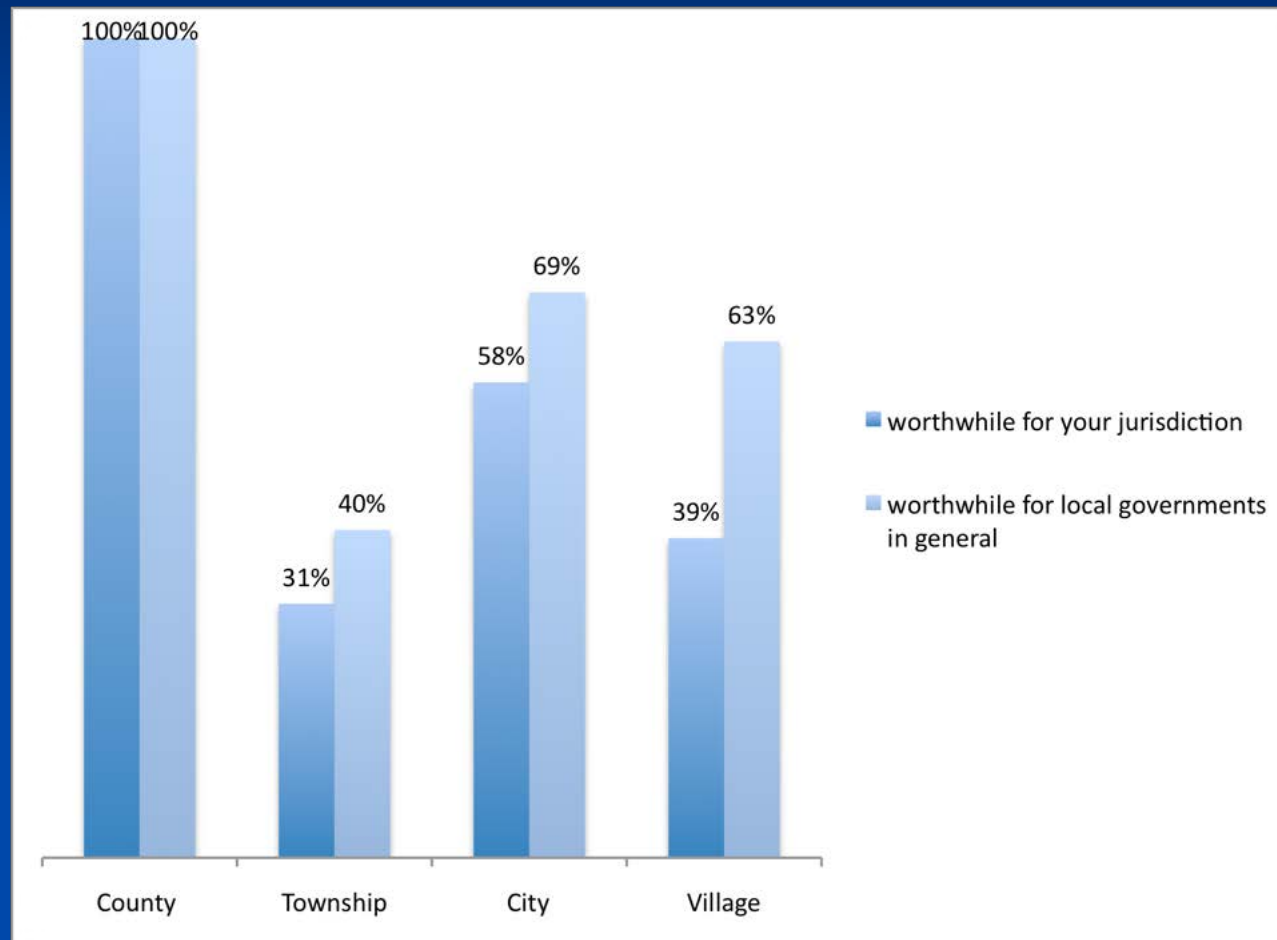
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Cost the biggest anticipated problem for jurisdictions not engaged in data use



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Only 1/3 of non-users think performance management would be worthwhile for them



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Key Findings on Local Performance Management

- A significant majority of jurisdictions across the state of Michigan are currently doing performance measurement and management
 - However, a majority of those who do performance measurement report it is ad hoc rather than formal or systematic
- Among those that are not currently doing performance management, few are planning to start new activities

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